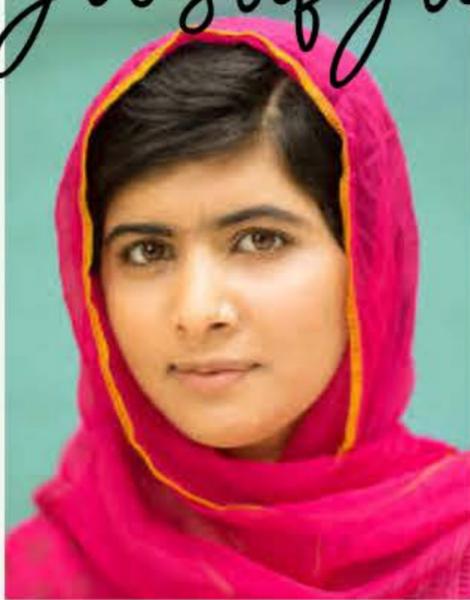


Malala Yousafzai



Born

Malala Yousafzai was born in 1997 in Mingora, Pakistan, where her father encouraged her to value education and free speech.

1997

Defended human rights

Malala defended human rights by writing about life under Taliban rule and speaking out for girls' education.

2009

Opposed the death penalty

She opposed extreme violence and executions by condemning militant punishments and promoting justice through peace.

2011

Protected democracy

Protected democracy by defending freedom of expression and equal access to education as democratic values.

2012

Survived an assassination attempt

Malala survived an attack by the Taliban, which brought global attention to her cause.

2012

Defended victims of sexual violence

2013

She defended victims of sexual violence by highlighting how lack of education increased risks for girls worldwide.

Worked to end a war

2013

Malala worked to end conflict by calling for peace, dialogue, and non-violent solutions to extremism.

Defended children's rights

2014

She defended children's rights by advocating for universal education through the Malala Fund.

Led non-violent movements

2014

By inspiring global activism through speeches and peaceful campaigns.

Won the Nobel Peace Prize

2014

Malala won the Nobel Peace Prize for her struggle for girls' education and children's rights.